

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 5 1. An apparatus for transmitting data on a fiber channel, the apparatus comprising:
an input that receives a digital signal to be transmitted;
a plurality of programmable modulators each configured to accept a portion of
10 the digital signal to be transmitted, and to modulate the portion of the digital signal accepted;
a plurality of mixers, each mixer coupled to the output of one of the
programmable modulators to accept a modulated signal and mix it with a mixer frequency;
a plurality of bandpass filters, that filter the output of the mixers; and
15 a summation unit that combines the output of the mixers into a single signal.
- 20 2. An apparatus as in claim 1 wherein the input that receives a digital signal to be transmitted comprises a Gigabit Media Independent Interface (GMII).
- 25 3. An apparatus as in claim 1 wherein the input that receives a digital signal to be transmitted further comprises a control input that controls the number of bits of the digital signal to be transmitted which are provided to each modulator.
- 30 4. An apparatus as in claim 1 wherein each programmable modulator further comprises a control input that controls the type of modulation that is applied to the portion of the digital signal that is accepted by each modulation.
- 35 5. An apparatus as in claim 4 wherein the type of modulation selected consists essentially of binary phase shift keying (BPSK), quadrature phase shift keying (QPSK), and quadrature amplitude modulation (QAM).

6. An apparatus as in claim 1 wherein the mixer frequency that is provided to the
mixer is a programmable frequency.

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7. An apparatus as in claim 1 wherein each bandpass filter has a programmable
bandpass.

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8. An apparatus as in claim 1 wherein the apparatus is integrated within a single
integrated circuit.

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9. An apparatus as in claim 8 wherein the single integrated circuit is a
complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) integrated circuit.

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10. An apparatus for receiving data from a fiber channel the apparatus
comprising:

an input that receives a wide band signal;

a plurality of mixers that accept the wideband signal and mix it with a mixer
frequency;

a plurality of low pass filters that filter the outputs of the mixers;

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a plurality of programmable demodulators each accepting the output of one of
the mixers and demodulating said mixer output thereby providing a demodulated digital
output; and

30 a combiner circuit for combining the demodulated digital outputs from the
plurality of programmable demodulators into at least one digital data stream.

11. An apparatus as in claim 10 wherein the mixer frequency is a programmable
frequency.

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12. An apparatus as in claim 10 wherein the plurality of low pass filters have
programmable bandwidth.

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13. An apparatus as in claim 10 wherein the programmable demodulators further
comprise a control input that controls the type of demodulation applied to the signal accepted
from the mixer.

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14. An apparatus as in claim 13 wherein the type of modulation selected consists
essentially of BPSK, QPSK, and QAM.

15. An apparatus as in claim 10 wherein the combiner circuit comprises a XGMII.

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16. A method for transmitting data on a fiber optic channel, the method
comprising:

providing a test signal to a fiber optic channel;

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receiving a characterization of the channel defined by the channel response to
the test signal;

programming a multicarrier modulator corresponding to the characterization of
the channel.

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17. A method as in claim 16 wherein providing a test signal to a fiber optic
channel further comprises providing an intensity modulated light source wherein the intensity
changes according to a frequency sweep signal, but the maximum and minimum intensity
does not change.

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18. A method as in claim 16 wherein programming a multicarrier modulator
further comprises selecting a type of modulation for a plurality of modulators, wherein each
modulator corresponds to a modulation of one of a multicarrier signals.

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19. A method as in claim 16 wherein programming a multicarrier modulator
further comprises providing a plurality of selected mixer frequencies to a plurality of mixers,
5 wherein the mixers determine the carrier frequencies for the multicarrier modulator.

20. A method as in claim 19 further comprising programming a bandpass filter
with a center frequency corresponding to the mixer frequency of the mixer which provides a
10 signal to the bandpass filter.

21. A method as in claim 20 further comprising selecting the bandwidth of a
plurality of bandpass filter depending on the modulation of the signal being filtered by each
15 bandpass filter.

22. An apparatus as in claim 1 further comprising a plurality of convolutional
coders disposed between the input and at least one of the plurality of programmable
modulators and accepting a portion of the signal to be transmitted from the input and
20 performing a convolutional coding on the accepted signal thereby providing a convolutionally
coded output to the at least at least one of the plurality of programmable modulators.

25 23. An apparatus as in claim 10 further comprising:
at least one demodulator providing soft decisions as an output;
at least one trellis decoder that accepts soft decisions from the at least one
demodulator and provides a trellis decoding of the soft outputs and provides a hard decision
30 to the combiner output.

24 . An apparatus for transmitting data on a fiber channel the apparatus
comprising:

- 5 an input that receives a digital signal to be transmitted;
a convolutional coder disposed between the input and at least one symbol encoder;
a plurality of symbol encoders that accept a portion of the signal received by the input,
10 and encode the input into a symbol (S) and a complex conjugate of the symbol (S*);
a 32-inverse fast Fourier Transformer (32-IFFT) that receives S and S* signals and
provides a digital output signals;
- 15 a plurality of D/A converters for accepting the digital outputs from the 32-IFFT and
for converting the accepted digital value to an analog value; and
an analog multiplexer that samples the analog outputs from the plurality of digital to
analog converters and combines them into an interleaved signal having successive values
20 representative of the output of the plurality of digital to analog converters.

25. An apparatus for receiving data on a fiber channel the apparatus comprising:

- 25 an input that accepts an interleaved signal comprising a plurality of discrete successive
values;
a plurality of sample and hold circuits that accept the interleaved signal an extract a
sample comprising a discrete value;
30 a plurality of analog to digital converters that convert the discrete values form the
plurality of sample and hold circuits to a plurality of digital values;

1 36980/NJP/B600-BP 1262 & BP 1338

5 a 32 Inverse Fourier Transform circuit that accepts said plurality of values from the
plurality of analog to digital converters and converts said values into symbols (S) and
complex conjugates of the symbols (S*);

10 A plurality of trellis decoders that accept said symbols (S) and said complex
conjugates of the symbols (S*) and produced an uncoded output; and
an interface which accepts the outputs of said plurality of trellis decoders and
combines them into a digital signal.

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